

(Bidirectional, SM, MM, PM, SM High power, MM High Power, PM High power)

(Protected by U.S. pending patents)



DATASHEET





Features

- Unmatched Low Cost
- Low Optical Distortions
- High Isolation
- High Reliability
- Epoxy-Free Optical Path

Applications

- Channel Blocking
- Configurable Add/Drop
- System Monitoring
- Instrumentation

The LightBend 4x4 Series fiber optic switch connects optical channels by redirecting any of four incoming optical signals into any of four output fibers. This is achieved using a patent pending opto-mechanical configuration and activated via an electrical control signal. Latching operation preserves the selected optical path after the drive signal has been removed. This new material-based advanced design significantly reduces moving part position sensitivity, offering unprecedented high stability as well as an unmatched low cost. The LB 4x4 series Switch can be made of a variety of fibers, including SM, MM, PM fibers, in standard or high-power version. Electronic Driver is available for this series of switches. The LightBend 4x4 series switch is bidirectional.

Specifications

Par	ameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operation Wave	length	780, 85	0, 980, 1060, 13	10, 1550	nm
Insertion Loss			1.2	2.0	dB
Wavelength Dep	endent Loss		0.15	0.25	dB
PDL (SM)				0.15	dB
Extinction Ratio	(PM)	18	25		dB
Cross Talk	SM, PM	50	55		dB
Cross raik	MM	35	50		dB
Datum Lass	SM, PM	50	55		dB
Return Loss	MM	35	45		dB
Switching Time			4	10	ms
Repeatability				± 0.05	dB
Operating Voltag	ge	4.5	5	6	VDC
Operating Curre	nt		30	60	mA
Voltage Pulse W	idth (Latching)		20		ms
Switching Type		L	atching, Non-La	tching	
Operating Temp	erature	-5		70	°C
Storage Tempera	ature	-40		85	°C
Optical Power	Standard		300	500	mW
Handling	High Power		5	10 ^[3]	W
	SM	9			
Fiber Type	MM	MM 50/125,	MM 62.5/125,	or equivalent	
	PM	Panda 250	PM, 400 PM, o	r equivalent	

Notes:

- [1]. Excluding connectors.
- [2]. For LB Multimode series switch, Light source CPR<14 dB.
- [3]. Continuous operation, for pulse operation call.

Warning: This device must use the reference circuit to driver otherwise it is unstable

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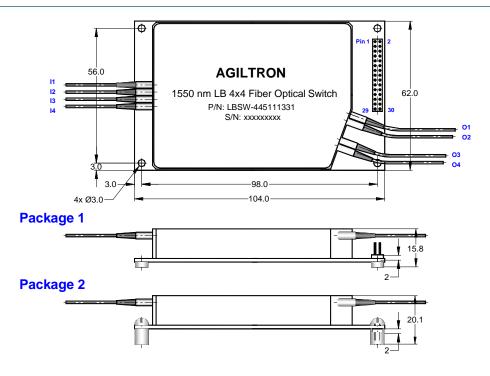


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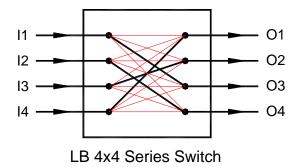


Mechanical Dimensions (mm)



^{*}Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

Functional Diagram





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Electrical Driving Requirements

The load is a resistive coil which is activated by applying 5V (draw ~ 40mA). However, the current flow direction must be correct otherwise it will cancel the permanent magnet inside causing instability. We strongly recommend to use the reference circuit to avoid major issues. We offer pushbutton elevation driver for verifications or convenient income inspection.

Latching Type

Application Note: Applying a constant driving voltage increases stability. The switches can also be driven by a pulse mode using Agiltron recommended circuit for energy saving.

No	Optical Path														Con	necto	or Pin	No.													\Box
INO	Ориса г аш	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	I1→O1, I2→O2, I3→O3, I4→O4	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0
2	I1→O1, I2→O2, I3→O4, I4→O3	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			0	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0
3	I1→O1, I2→O3, I3→O4, I4→O2	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0			+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0
4	I1→O1, I2→O3, I3→O2, I4→O4	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0
5	I1→O1, I2→O4, I3→O3, I4→O2	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0
6	I1→O1, I2→O4, I3→O2, I4→O3	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0
7	I1→02, I2→01, I3→03, I4→04	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0
8	I1→O2, I2→O1, I3→O4, I4→O3	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0
9	I1→O2, I2→O3, I3→O1, I4→O4	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0
10	I1→O2, I2→O3, I3→O4, I4→O1	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0			+	0			+	0	0	+
11	I1→02, I2→04, I3→01, I4→03	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0
12	I1→O2, I2→O4, I3→O3, I4→O1	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	0	+	+	0			+	0			+	0	0	+
13	I1→03, I2→02, I3→01, I4→04	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			0	+			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0
14	I1→O3, I2→O2, I3→O4, I4→O1	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0			0	+			+	0			+	0	0	+
15	I1→O3, I2→O1, I3→O2, I4→O4	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0			+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0
16	I1→O3, I2→O1, I3→O4, I4→O2	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0
17	I1→03, I2→04, I3→02, I4→01	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0							0	+			+	0	0	+
18	I1→O3, I2→O4, I3→O1, I4→O2	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0							+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0
19	I1→O4, I2→O3, I3→O2, I4→O1	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0							0	+			+	0	0	+
20	I1→O4, I2→O3, I3→O1, I4→O2	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0							+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0
21	I1→O4, I2→O2, I3→O3, I4→O1	0	+	+	0			+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0			0	+			+	0			+	0	0	+
22	I1→O4, I2→O2, I3→O1, I4→O3	0	+	+	0			+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+			0	+			+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0
23	I1→O4, I2→O1, I3→O2, I4→O3	0	+	+	0			+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+			+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0
24	I1→O4, I2→O1, I3→O3, I4→O2	0	+	+	0			+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0			+	0	0	+			+	0	0	+	+	0

[1]. "+" is 4.5 ~ 6 V pulse, Typical is 5 V pulse. [2]. "0" is 0 V. [3]. The blank space means no electronic connection.

Non-Latching Type

	Out and Built														Con	nect	or Pir	No.											_		\neg
No	Optical Path	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	I1→O1, I2→O2, I3→O3, I4→O4											0	+	0	+					0	+										
2	I1→O1, I2→O2, I3→O4, I4→O3							0	+							0	+			0	+										
3	I1→O1, I2→O3, I3→O4, I4→O2							0	+	0	+																	0	+		П
4	I1→O1, I2→O3, I3→O2, I4→O4									0	+	0	+											0	+						
5	I1→O1, I2→O4, I3→O3, I4→O2			0	+									0	+													0	+		
6	I1→O1, I2→O4, I3→O2, I4→O3			0	+											0	+							0	+						
7	I1→O2, I2→O1, I3→O3, I4→O4											0	+	0	+			0	+			0	+								
8	I1→O2, I2→O1, I3→O4, I4→O3							0	+							0	+	0	+			0	+								
9	I1→O2, I2→O3, I3→O1, I4→O4									0	+	0	+					0	+							0	+				
10	I1→O2, I2→O3, I3→O4, I4→O1							0	+	0	+							0	+											0	+
11	I1→O2, I2→O4, I3→O1, I4→O3			0	+											0	+	0	+							0	+				
12	I1→O2, I2→O4, I3→O3, I4→O1			0	+									0	+			0	+											0	+
13	I1→O3, I2→O2, I3→O1, I4→O4					0	+					0	+							0	+					0	+				
14	I1→O3, I2→O2, I3→O4, I4→O1					0	+	0	+											0	+									0	+
15	I1→O3, I2→O1, I3→O2, I4→O4					0	+					0	+									0	+	0	+						
16	I1→O3, I2→O1, I3→O4, I4→O2					0	+	0	+													0	+					0	+		
17	I1→O3, I2→O4, I3→O2, I4→O1			0	+	0	+																	0	+					0	+
18	I1→O3, I2→O4, I3→O1, I4→O2			0	+	0	+																			0	+	0	+		
19	I1→O4, I2→O3, I3→O2, I4→O1	0	+							0	+													0	+					0	+
20	I1→O4, I2→O3, I3→O1, I4→O2	0	+							0	+															0	+	0	+		
21	I1→O4, I2→O2, I3→O3, I4→O1	0	+											0	+					0	+									0	+
22	I1→O4, I2→O2, I3→O1, I4→O3	0	+													0	+			0	+					0	+				
23	I1→O4, I2→O1, I3→O2, I4→O3	0	+													0	+					0	+	0	+						
24	I1→O4, I2→O1, I3→O3, I4→O2	0	+											0	+							0	+					0	+		

[1]. "+" is $4.5 \sim 6$ VDC, Typical is 5 VDC. [2]. "0" is 0 V. [3]. The blank space means no electronic connection.





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Ordering Information

Prefix	Туре	Wavelength	Switch	Power	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector
LBSW- ^[1] LBPM- ^[2] LBHP- ^[3] LBPH- ^[4]	4x4 = 44 4x3 = 43 4x2 = 42 3x3 = 33 3x2 = 32 Special = 00	1060 = 1 1310 = 3 1550 = 5 780 = 7 850 = 8 980 = 9 Special = 0	Latching = 1 Non-latching = 2	5W = 4 10W = 5 Special = 0	SMF-28 = 1 MM 50/125 = 5 MM 62.5/125 = 6 PM400 = A PM1550 = B Special = 0	Bare fiber = 1 900um tube = 3 Special = 0	0.25m = 1 0.5m = 2 1.0m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 Duplex LC/PC = 8 LC/UPC = U Special = 0

[1]. LBSW: LightBend 4x4 SWitch.

[2]. LBPM: LightBend 4x4 PM Switch.

[3]. LBHP: LightBend 4x4 High Power Switch.

[4]. LBPH: LightBend 4x4 PM High Power Switch.

NOTE:

■ PM1550 fiber works well for 1310nm

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 µm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.



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Driver Reference Design

